

HW 4 Polynomial Operations

I will be able to add, subtract, multiply, and divide polynomials.

Key

Name

Per

Part 1: Classify each as **M** (monomial), **B** (binomial), **T** (trinomial), **P** (polynomial), or **C** (constant).

1). B $2x + 1$

2). B $17x^2 + 11$

3). P $8x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x - 7$

4). C -130

5). T $4a^2 + 7a - 10$

6). T $10x^3 - 2x + 1$

Part 2: Standard Form of Polynomials

7.) Circle the problems that are in **standard form**. If it is not in standard form, re-write in standard form.

a. $x^3 - 11x^2$ b. $2 + 3x + 4x^2 + 3x^3$ c. $-3x + 17x^4 + 2x^2$ d. $-1 + 3x + 2x^2$

$3x^3 + 4x^2 + 3x + 2$ $17x^4 + 2x^2 - 3x$ $2x^2 + 3x - 1$

8. Given: $2x^3 - 5x^2 - 2x + 12$

How many terms are there? 4

What is the coefficient of the 3rd term? -2

What is the constant? 12

Part 3: Add these polynomials. Only combine things that are alike (have the same exponent).

9.) $14x + 5$

$+10x + 5$

$24x + 10$

10.) $10x + 12$

$+6x + 20$

$16x + 32$

11.) $17x^2 + 11$

$+8x^2 + 11$

$25x^2 + 22$

12.) $(19x^2 + 12x + 12) + (7x^2 + 10x + 13)$

$7x^2 + 10x + 13$

$26x^2 + 22x + 25$

13.) $(4x^2 - 6x + 7) + (-19x^2 - 15x - 18)$

$-19x^2 - 15x - 18$

$-15x^2 - 21x - 11$

14.) $(20x^2 + 15x + 13) + (-19x^2 + 17x + 5)$

$-19x^2 + 17x + 5$

$x^2 + 32x + 18$

15.) $(9x^6 - 4x^5) + (10x^5 - 15x^4 + 14)$

$+10x^5 - 15x^4 + 14$

$9x^6 + 6x^5 - 15x^4 + 14$

16.) $(9x^2 + 12) + (7x^2 + 10x + 13)$

$9x^2 + 12$

$7x^2 + 10x + 13$

$16x^2 + 10x + 25$

17.) $(5x^6 + 9x^3 - 6x) + (-9x^6 - 20x^2 - 6x)$

$5x^6 + 9x^3 - 6x$

$-9x^6 - 20x^2 - 6x$

$-4x^6 + 9x^3 - 20x^2 - 12x$

Part 4: Subtract these polynomials.

$$\begin{array}{r} 18.) (6x + 14) \\ + (-9x + 5) \\ \hline -3x + 19 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 19.) (14x^2 + 13x + 12) \\ + (-7x^2 + 20x + 4) \\ \hline 7x^2 - 7x + 16 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20.) (19x^2 + 9x + 16) \\ + (-5x^2 + 12x + 7) \\ \hline 14x^2 - 3x + 23 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 21.) (17x^2 + 7x - 14) + (-6x^2 + 5x + 18) \\ 6x^2 + 5x + 18 \\ \hline 23x^2 + 12x + 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 22.) (-18x^2 + 4x - 16) + (-15x^2 + 4x + 13) \\ -15x^2 - 4x + 13 \\ \hline -33x^2 + (-3) \end{array}$$

Part 5: Multiplying Monomials

$$23.) 2x(4x^2) = 8x^3$$

$$24.) 17x^2(2x^5) = 34x^7$$

$$25.) -3x^3(4x^2) = -12x^5$$

$$26.) -12x^2(-2x) = 24x^3$$

Part 6: Use the distributive property (rainbow) to find the product (multiply).

$$27.) 4(x + 2) = 4x + 8$$

$$28.) -3(2x^2 + 1) = -6x^2 - 3$$

$$29.) 6(x^2 + 2x + 7) = 6x^2 + 12x + 42$$

$$30.) 4x(1 - x) = 4x - 4x^2$$

$$30.) -x^2(x + 5) = -x^3 - 5x^2$$

$$31.) 3x^2(4x^3 - 5x + 10) = 12x^5 - 15x^3 + 30x^2$$

$$32.) 3x(-x^2 + 2x - 12) = -3x^3 + 6x^2 - 36x$$

Part 7: Use division and the distributive property to simplify. Divide EVERY term.

$$33.) \frac{-15x + 10}{5} = -3x + 2$$

$$34.) \frac{6x^2 + 10}{2} = 3x^2 + 5$$

$$35.) \frac{-18x^2 + 21x}{-3} = 6x^2 - 7x$$

$$36.) \frac{14x^3 + 28x^2 - 70}{7} = 2x^3 + 4x^2 - 10$$

$$37.) \frac{20x^4 + 15x^2}{5x^2} = 4x^2 + 3$$

$$38.) \frac{x^4 + 3x^3 + 7x}{x} = x^3 + 3x^2 + 7$$